ATTENTION DEFICIT DISORDERS EVALUATION SCALE-THIRD EDITIO

SCHOOL VERSION RATING FORM

Stephen B. McCarney

PROFILE SHEET

SUMMARY OF SCORES

- 100	Thomas e Middle School tudies		Gender: Male Grade: 6	Subscales	Raw Score	Standard Score (Appendix A)	Standard Score SEM (Appendix C)
City: Midvale	e		State: PA	1. Inattentive	68	9	0.43
Date of rating:	2001	5	9				
•	(year)	(month)	(day)	2. Hyperactive-			
Date of birth:	1988	1	21	Impulsive	51	10	0.39
	(year)	(month)	(day)	impulsive			
Age at rating:	13	3	18				
	(vears)	(months)	(days)	Total Cana			

How well the student is known by the rater (indicate type of interactions):

Individual or group interaction on a daily basis

Sum of Subscal : S (Quotient (Appendix B)	%ile (Appendix B)	SEM	Confidence Interval
19 94	37	1 71	68%

Subscares							
Standard Scores	Inattentive	H pe active- Impulsive	Quotients	Quotient	Percentiles	Percentile Rank	
20		*	150		<u>></u> 99		
19			145		95		
18			140		90		
17			135		85		
16			130		80		
15			125		75		
14			120		70		
13			115		65		
12			110		60		
11			105		55		
10		X	100		50		
9	X		95		45		
8			90	X	40		
7			85		35	X	
6			80		30		
5			75		25		
4			70		20		
3			65		15		
2			60		10		
1			55		5		
*			50		<u>≤</u> 1		

The *Inattentive* subscale represents the student who has difficulty focusing and sustaining attention to specific tasks on a regular basis. The understanding is that behaviors within this subscale reflect difficulty with such expectations as assignment completion, remaining on-task, and following directions that is not due to deliberate noncompliance. The difficulties with maintenance of attention to task reflected in these items are considered to be a manifestation of deficits in attentional skills that result in academic or social concerns.

Andrew scored within one standard deviation below the mean on the Inattentive subscale. The following are primary behaviors of concern:

- 1. Rushes through assignments with little or no regard for accuracy or quality of work
- 2. Is easily distracted by other activities in the classroom, other students, the teacher, etc.
- 3. Does not listen to what other students are saying
- 5. Does not direct attention or fails to maintain attention to important sounds in the immediate environment
- 12. Has difficulty concentrating
- 13. Loses place when reading
- 14. Omits, adds, substitutes, or reverses letters, words, or sounds when reading
- 15. Fails to copy letters, words, sentences, and numbers from a textbook, chalkboard, etc.
- 16. Omits, adds, or substitutes words when writing
- 17. Fails to complete homework assignments and return them to school
- 18. Does not perform or complete classroom assignments during class time
- 19. Is disorganized to the point of not having necessary materials, losing materials, failing to find completed assignments, failing to follow the steps of the assignment in order, etc.
- 22. Does not prepare for school assignments

The *Hyperactive-Impulsive* subscale represents the student who has difficulty controlling impulses and behavioral responses to environmental stimuli. Behaviors within this subscale include such reactions as grabbing things from others, interrupting others, moving about while seated, and not waiting for instructions. Again, these behaviors are understood to be due to difficulties with control of impulses and actions rather than deliberate acts of noncompliance.

Andrew scored at the mean on the *Hyperactive-Impulsive* subscale. The following are primary behaviors of concern:

- 37. Talks to others during quiet activity periods
- 41. Bothers other students who are trying to work, listen, etc.
- 42. Makes unnecessary comments or noises in the classroom
- 45. Fails to comply with teachers or other school personnel
- 59. Moves about unnecessarily
- 60. Engages in nervous habits

ADDES-3 QUICK SCORE BEHAVIORS OF CONCERN SCHOOL VERSION SAMPLE

ATTENTION DEFICIT DISORDERS EVALUATION SCALE-THIRD EDITION

HOME VERSION RATING FORM

Stephen B. McCarney

PROFILE SHEET

SUMMARY OF SCORES

School: Mi	omas B. Andrews dvale Elementary dvale		Gender: Male Grade: 1 State: PA	Subscales	Raw Score	Standard Score (Appendix A)	Standard Score SEM (Appendix C)
Date of ratin	2002 (year)	(month)	21 (day)	1. Inattentive	80	4	0.66
Date of birth	1994 (year)	(month)	(day)	2. Hyperactive- Impulsive	103	2	0.55
Age at rating	g: 7 (years)	(months)	18 (days)	T (tal Scale	. – – – – –		

rige at racing.	(years)	(months) (days)	T (tal Sc	ale		
Relationship to th	ne child: Mother	DES-3 QU	Sum of Subsc. le Si	Quotient (Appendix B) (%ile SE Appendix B) (Appen	ient Confidence M Interval 32 68%
	Su	bscales				
Standard Scores	Inattentive	l y, er cuve- impulsive	Quotients	Quotient	Percentiles	Percentile Rank
20			150		<u>> 99</u>	
19			145		95	
18			140		90	
17 16			135 130		85 80	
15			125		75	
14			120		70	
13			115		65	
12			110		60	
11			105		55	
10			100		50	
9			95		45	
8			90		40	
7			85		35	
6			80		30	
5			75		25	
4	X		70	X	20	
3			65		15	
2		X	60		10	
1			55		5	
			50		<u>≤</u> 1	X

The *Inattentive* subscale represents the child or youth who has difficulty focusing and sustaining attention to specific tasks on a regular basis evidenced by starting but not completing activities, difficulty organizing responsibilities and possessions, and changing from one activity to another without finishing the first. The child is easily distracted by other things happening in the home, has difficulty concentrating, and is unsuccessful in activities requiring listening. Chores or tasks are often rushed through with little or no regard to quality of work. The difficulties with maintenance of attention to task reflected in these items are considered to be a manifestation of deficits in attentional skills that result in social concerns.

Thomas scored at two standard deviations below the mean on the *Inattentive* subscale. The following are primary behaviors of concern:

- 1. Is easily distracted by other things happening in the home
- 2. Does not listen to what others are saving
- 4. Does not hear all of what is said
- 6. Has difficulty concentrating
- 7. Is disorganized with possessions
- 8. Does not remain on task to do homework
- 9. Does not listen to or follow verbal directions
- 10. Forget
- 11. Changes from one activity to another without finishing the first, without putting things away, before it is time to move on to the next activity, etc.
- 12. Has a short attention span
- 13. Starts but does not complete homework
- 14. Does not independently perform chores or responsibilities
- 15. Does not remain on task to study or prepare for tests or quizzes
- 16. Does not organize responsibilities
- 17. Does not prepare for school assignments
- 18. Rushes through chores or tasks with little or no regard for quality of vor
- 19. Does not read or follow written directions
- 20. Is easily frustrated
- 21. Fails to follow necessary steps in doing things.

The *Hyperactive-Impulsive* subscale represents the chull or youth who has dirriculty controlling impulses and behavioral responses to environmental stimuli evid not d by rot emaining seated, not sitting appropriately on the furniture, moving about while seated, or engaging in inappropriate behaviors while seated. Running in the house and hopping, skipping, and jumping when moving from one place to another. Blurting out answers before a question has been completed, interrupting and intruding on others, at a bothering others while they are trying to work, play, etc. The child does not wait his/her turn in conditions or ranses, does not follow the rules of the game, and does not play quietly. These behaviors are understood to be due to difficulties with control of impulses and actions rather than deliberate acts of noncompliance.

Thomas scored more than two standard a viations below the mean on the *Hyperactive-Impulsive* subscale. The following are primary behaviors of coloren:

- 22. Does not follow directions from parents or other home authority figures
- 23. Refuses to follow requests or contributions made by parents or other authority figures in the home
- 24. Does not wait his/her turn in activities or games
- 26. Interrupts others
- 27. Is impulsive
- 28. Fails to follow a routine
- 29. Begins things before receiving directions or instructions
- 30. Intrudes on others
- 31. Is easily angered, annoyed, or upset
- 32. Bothers others while they are trying to work, play, etc.
- 33. Ignores consequences of his/her behavior
- 34. Has accidents which are the result of impulsive or careless behavior
- 35. Moves about while seated, squirms, fidgets, etc.
- 36. Appears restless
- 38. Does not remain seated
- 39. Does not adjust behavior to expectations of different situations
- 40. Becomes overexcited
- 41. Climbs on things
- 42. Moves about unnecessarily
- 43. Runs in the house, does not sit appropriately on the furniture, yells, etc.
- 44. Runs in the shopping mall, pushes and makes noises in line at the movies, yells in stores, etc.
- 45. Makes excessive noise
- 46. Behaves inappropriately when riding in the car

Verification of Attention-Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder Characteristics According to the DSM-IVTM Criteria Using the Home and School Versions of the Attention Deficit Disorders Evaluation Scale - Third Edition

	School			School	37	42	59
	Home		•-	Home			
ų	Home School	2 2 13 13 14 14 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	ų	Home School			
b 0	School	19		School			
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	Home		3	Ho.nc			
	School	<u>s</u>		School	24	59	
e	Home	10 X	0	Home			
p	School		p	School	37		
	Home	DESTI		Home			
3	School	E & Z	၁	School			
	Home			Home			
q	School	2 3 112 113 114 115 116 117	p	School	59		
	Home		_	Home			
	School	1 2 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1		School	69		
R	Home		æ	Home			
CRITERION A1	VERSION	HOME & SCHOOL VERSIONS	CRITERION A2	VERSION	ITEMS FROM HOME & SCHOOL VERSIONS		

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